

YIFAT DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION



Project Propsoal

For

POST CONFLICT COMMUNITY REHABILITATION AND RECONSTRUCTION

Developed By: Yifat Development Association Office

Submitted to:

Abbreviations

CBOs	Community Based Organization
DBU	Debre Birhan University
SOP	Standard operating procedure
SRQ-24	Self report questionnaire-24
YDA	Yifat Ddevelopment Aassociation

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1. PROJECT SUMMARY

1.	Project	Post-conflict Community rehabilitation and reconstruction
2.	Project code	YDA_1
3.	Sector	construction
4.	Supporting Function/Role	reorganizing people who are victim man-made accidents Constructing living houses for displaced community lost their house and reorganizes the life of them.
5.	Implementer	Yifat Development Association
6.	Donor	_____
7.	Date of Commencement	September 1 st , 2021
8.	Technical Support	Debre Birhan University
9.	Intervention Experts	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Mikias Hailu - from (DBU) and • Ato Dereje Mamo - from (YDA)
10.	YDA Focal Personal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Kiflu Biferu ,GM -YDA
11.	Target group:	Victims of Ataye town and surrounding conflict who their houses is burnt out
	Direct	200 households-1000 Victims of Conflict (60% women and children)
	Secondary	246,800 of this 104,760 are Community members from the 66 Kebele's of 3 Woredas and 2 city administrations
12.	Intervention period	3 months (September 1 st 2021- November 31 st , 2022)
13.	Project location	Ataye
14.	Partners	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - North Shewa Zone Administration and from the 3 Woredas and 2 city administrations - North Show Zone Health Office and from the 3 Woredas and 2 city administrations - North Shewa Zone Women and Child Affairs Office and from the 3 Woredas and 2 city administrations - North Shewa Zone Education Office and from the 3 Woredas and 2 city administrations
15.	Budget	Direct Project : 60.16 million
		Indirect Overhead cost: 15.04 million

2. BACKGROUND

YIFAT Development Association/YDA/ is a local development organization established in accordance with the Civil Society Organizations Proclamation No 1113/2019 with registration number 5332 on January 11, 2021 with a vision of: Holistically, Comprehensively, Sustainably Developed and Transformed YIFAT! With the objectives of :

- a) **Support in Social sector;** Education, Health, water and sanitation developments,
- b) **support Economic Sector;** particularly in job creation, Agriculture and natural resource, Irrigation in providing extra ordinary inputs, technology and capacity building focusing on support of the community capacity building ,
- c) **Focus on Environment protection, forestry , support needy pat of community;** women, children, olds, disables,
- d) **Support in infrastructure development** particularly in sport, youth centres, and related activities ,,
- e) **Support in strengthening** good Governance system, in building strong legal and democracy system
- f) **Support peoples who will be victims** with natural and man-made accidents , peace and Security,
- g) **Facilitate situations and capacity building activities to improve YDA income ,**

Yifat is in Ethiopia, Ahmara region, North Shewa Zone with 511,981 populations and **247181.7** hec. of area coverage organized in seven administrations namely; Tarmaber woreda, Kewet woreda ,Efrata and Gidim woreda, Antsokia Woreda, Debresina Town Administration, Shewa Robit Town Administration, Ataye Town Administration and a total of 89 kebeles with which 13 onces are town and 76 are rural kebeles.

YDA operates in Amhara regional state, North Shewa zone in four Woredas & three City Administrations: Tarmaber, Kewet, Efrata &Gidim, Antsokia woredas; Debresina, Shewarobit and Ataye City Administrations. The association is established by volunteers who utterly understand the socio-economic problems of urban and rural residents and development trajectory of the area. The area has been compounded with the problem of drought, ongoing process of soil degradation and erosion. Much of the farmland of Yifat has been farmed for centuries without following or replenishing nutrients in the soil. There is little basic infrastructure in many rural communities. Amid of these unfavourable and adverse situations, blues of conflict strike of the residents heavily and torn apart well knotted community who have similar and cultural ties.

In line with the mandate of YDA that fall under (g)_support peoples who will be victim with natural and man-made accidents, YDA has been engaged on emergency response and support activities . So far, YDA has mobilized **8,570,000 Birr** from its members, likeminded people and organization to support community members who are displaced, most vulnerable and needy. The problem is very intense that needs well thought intervention and strategy involving stakeholders at all levels, generating resources to rehabilitate and reconstruct the area in a sustainable way.

3. Rational

Conflict hampers local and national development by mainly affecting social cohesion, economic development and productivity. Especially in conflict prone areas where the conflicts are of higher magnitude, like Yifat area of North Shewa, the livelihoods of the communities are threatened to greater extents. As the area is arid and semi-arid where natural resource scarcity dictates the relationship among residents in general and the two major ethic group in particular sharing a common production zones, the major cause of conflict in the area was resource scarcity and cultural. This long stunted conflict has been managed by customary dispute resolution method which is prominent in the area among Amahara and Oromo ethnic group. One account of the successful ethnic conflict resolution in the area, according to Meron Zeleke (2009) since 1930s, there has been the shrine of TiruSina that provides the service of conflict resolution, customary in Ataye where the conflict has first been struck. The sheikh obtained legal recognition from the local and government officials and was encouraged to carry out the role of conflict resolution. There are also several customary conflict resolution mechanisms like 'Shimglina' and 'Awchachign' that is acceptable and governs both ethic groups.

The recent conflict, however, is beyond the customary one which was happening for long time due to that of natural resource scarcity and other factors like tenure and culture related which was the

inherent cause of conflict in the area. The current conflict is completely different and higher in magnitude both in terms of recurrence and intensity, which worsens the volatility of the situation by taking the life of innocent people, mass destruction and loss of property. Despite these artificial instigation of conflict, the relations and links between the two communities in the area is still untied that needs immediate and unequivocal intervention by rehabilitating and recovering the already existing social capital.

4. Problem analysis

According to Amhara regional state emergency and preparedness and food security commission, 281 people were killed, 197 injured, 9660 people are displaced, 3073 houses are destroyed/burnt out, and public facilities are highly destroyed mainly in Ataye City Administration, Efrata & Gidim Woreda and Kewet Woreda. Generally, 246,888 people become destitute and require emergency assistance and rehabilitation.

YDA as part of the development partner in the area, would like to implement a project entitled ' **POST CONFLICT COMMUNITY REHABILITATION AND RECONSTRUCTION**' in 3 Woredas, 2 city Administration and 66 Kebeles. The project is designed to address houseless of the conflict in general and women, girls and children specifically. YDA will adapt a psycho-social support program to the specific needs across different age groups, gender disparities and severity of the problem. This shall be made first by conducting a rapid assessment, evaluations, and safety audits to design specific, workable and flexible psycho-social intervention(s) and ensure the responsiveness of the project to the context in the target Woredas, kebeles and community.

Over 9660 people are now out of their areas and in the tent as well as live close by for their houses and properties in the house totally damaged. As it is studied, **2,355** living houses needs to be constructed which requires **875,333,872** Birr construction estimations. This reconstruction amount demands all stakeholders' participation.

YDA ought to take part to the extent it can for two major reasons; in one hand, addressing victims of natural and artificial disaster of Yifat's community is our objective, and on the other hand, there are several aid organizations needs to work with civic societies, like us.

5. Goad and Objectives

5.1. Goal:

Reconstruct the living houses for displaced households

5.2. Objective:

To mobilize resource that worth 75.2 million birr to rehabilitate, reconstruct 200 houses for victims of the conflict.

5.2.1. Specific objective

The general objective is boiled down in to the following specific objectives clustered in four key areas or phases:

- a. Raising 75.2 million Birr fund from different aid bodies with in short period of time.**
- b. Re Construction of 100 partly or fully damaged Houses for urban victims ,**
- c. Re Construction of 100 damaged Houses for rural victims ,**

5.2.2. ACTIVITIES

- i. Identify relevant and genuine donors and supply fundraising project proposal
- ii. Secure fund from donors and take agreement.
- iii. Prepare house design and plan approved by the government and the community
- iv. Prioritize 100 rural and 100 urban households with the community and community leaders..
- v. Select and organize local skilled persons so as to produce bricks and construct the houses .
- vi. Start constructions and monitor with DBU

6. STAKEHOLDERS ANALYSIS AND COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION

To ensure that the project is participatory and engaging the community, key actors and their role is identifying and defined. This shall ensure their contribution from planning to implementing the project and evaluating it in the form of economic audit.

Project Proposal for Post Conflict Community rehabilitation and reconstruction

SN	Stakeholders/Targets	Estimated Project Impact (Low/Medium/High)	Specific Roles and Responsibilities
A	Primary		
1.	Community and Community Based Organizations/Leaders as well as Religious organizations	High	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Identify the victims and most needy population groups ▪ Facilitate community organize skilled local personals for the reconstructions , ▪ Take part in community conversations and local material coordination and support activities
2	Victims/Survivors	High	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Willingness to take part in the healing process and PSS services ▪ Engage in group support program
A. Secondary			
1.	NGOS working in the area	Medium	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Support the program by contributing resources in cash or in kind ▪ Share their experiences and take package of the program to support
C. Implementing partners			
1	Yifat Development Association/YDA/	High	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Secure funding and allocate budget for the program. ▪ Assign a focal person and a senior expert ▪ Sign MoU with clearly defined roles and responsibilities with key government counter parts. ▪ Regular consultative meeting to monitor and evaluate the progress as per the MoU, project document and action plan. ▪ Ensure the sustainability of the program.

SN	Stakeholders/Targets	Estimated Project Impact (Low/Medium/High)	Specific Roles and Responsibilities
2	Debrebrhan University /DBU	High	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Provide technical support through school of engineering ▪ Work closely with YDA focal personal and senior engineering support experts to mobilize resources and secure funding. ▪ Work closely with YDA focal personal and senior engineering support experts to design the intervention and develop training materials ▪ Raising fund and construct houses ▪ Engage , monitor and evaluation of the program

7. COORDINATION AND ADDRESSING CROSS CUTTING ISSUES

YDA has already formed a very strong relationship with the local administration and developed trust and reputation among the community by playing its part in the current emergencies. This project will be managed from YDA office in Addis Ababa where a full team of experts going to be working with local administrators, Woreda offices and the three city administrations. In addition, YDA senior PSS expert and experts from Debrebrhan University will support the operation. A task force will be formed at zonal level and same at Woredas and Kebele level so as to ensure the effective and efficient implementation of the program.

One of the immediate challenges to providing timely and adequate engineering technical support for people with difficult circumstances is the lack of information gathering, processing and sharing of systems that provide real time information feeds. YDA aims to develop a digital information management system that will form a crucial part of the psychosocial support and case management protocol so that all partners can access and use it. The platform which will be developed and expected to be running as soon as the commencement of the program will support not only the overall operation but also tracking specific and sensitive data like sexual and gender based violence as well as

trauma cases. This system will also be critical to support YDA operation in the future and will be part of the sustainability and exit strategy.

Relevant and important cross-cutting issues, including, but not limited to, gender equality, conflict sensitivity, protection and safety as well as COVID-19 will be considered in this project. By their very nature, conflict and crises accentuate vulnerabilities. Therefore, human rights, HIV/AIDS and gender-based violence are key cross cutting issues that YDA will mainstream in this PSS program. In responding to the needs, YDA will put into practice gender, age and disability consideration, to ensure that no one is left behind in the response and support activities.

Do no harm: Do no harm and conflict sensitivity approaches will be taken into consideration in the response planning and applied to mitigate negative effects of the project, avoid community tensions and to capitalize on opportunities to support protection and positive community relations

Gender equality: YDA will ensure equal participation of men, women, girls and boys in all stages of the project (disaggregated by age and gender). This entails oversight of adequate representation in forums, trainings and SGBV prevention initiatives as well as the trauma therapy session and PSS activities. YDA understands the different needs of women, girls, boys and men; access to services and resources is also different for each group. The proposed activities will not put the community members at risk but rather play a role in protection and preserving the dignity of the affected populations. YDA will engage in local advocacy activities to ensure and increase the acceptance of women's participation and to ensure women's safe access to services.

Protection: Providing engineering technical support in crisis and conflict situation is a first step towards long-term protection and rehabilitation. To meet these and other needs, YDA will mainstream protection throughout the program. YDA will ensure the complete package of support is given to the targeted beneficiaries at all levels to mitigate negative coping strategies. For this, YDA will install child protection policy and ensure that all staff and partners are trained in this to avoid re-victimization by employees and project volunteers so that women and children do not face further harm and exploitation because of the project. YDA will work closely with the broader community and local administration. YDA will take care not to add further burden to women as caretakers of households or other beneficiaries (for example through counseling). YDA will engage in awareness sessions with the

communities, particularly to advocate for women's and children's rights as well as to create awareness of new risks, such as trafficking, which may arise because of the conflict. YDA and its partners will explore informal partnerships with protection actors to ensure access to referral mechanisms for affected and populations with disabilities.

8. MONITORING, EVALUATION, ACCOUNTABILITY AND LEARNING

As outlined under the initiatives and approach section, YDA will follow the Inter-agency Standing Committee (IASC) Guidelines for monitoring and evaluating the projects outputs and outcomes. YDA will apply a comprehensive monitoring framework which is multi-layered (from zonal to kebele level) with the emphasis of participatory methodologies. It will be informed by information needs of the project and transparency and accountability from the guiding principles. A rapid assessment will be carried out before the project implementation to serve as a baseline and the monitoring and evaluation shall benchmark indicators from the assessment. YDA will design data collection tools for key phases of the implementation. Regular monitoring and data collections will be exercised starting from the commencement of the project that will be supported by scheduled stakeholders meeting, joint monitoring, social audit and regular meetings with partners and with local community members. A midterm and an end of project evaluation will be carried out to check changes due to the interventions and track best practices. A final narrative project report, financial report and project audit report will be submitted to donor and government signatory parties. All the financial reporting and auditing will be based on the International Financial Reporting Standards/IFRS/.

9. QUALITY MARKERS AND SUSTAINABILITY

The main quality marker of the project will be the development and implementation of Standard Operating Procedure/SOP/ that guides the day to day operation of the project in general and the psychosocial services specifically. The case management protocol, child protection policy, safety audits and communication protocol can be the tools to ensure the quality at input, process, and output and outcome level of the project.

As any other project, this project also needs description of exit strategy, including information on how the project will be phased out following the completion of the implementation period, local ownership as well as linkages with development cooperation, if applicable. YDA programming is imbedded in local

structures and the association is working collaboratively with identified key government structures and actors within the affected communities and plug into their efforts bring technical and financial assistance. The project and its interventions thrive to build on existing local efforts as well as to secure local buy-in. What is more the YDA approach emphasizes is the development of local capacities and local agency. Working with the community and community organizations to provide social therapy and psychosocial support is a strategy aimed guaranteeing sustainability and engineering technical resilience. Working with partners and government players will also ensure continued administration of skills gain during the life of the project.

10. DETAIL BUDGET

Re Construction of damaged 200 Houses

i. Urban house

- House number=100 houses
- Villa house with size of 67.5m²
- Construction materials
 - Wall: construct with cemented block and painted
 - Column and beam: with re bar steel
 - Floor: cement
 - Roof: corrugated iron with wood trusses
 - Door and window: with metal and glasses
- Engineering Estimate of a house: Br 478,000 (Four hundred seventy-eight thousand)

Total=Birr 47,800,000

ii. Rural houses

- House number=100 houses

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- Cottage house with size of 60 m2
- Construction materials
 - Wall: construct with wood and mud
 - Column: wooden material
 - Floor: compacted soil
 - Roof: corrugated iron with wood trusses
 - Door and window: with metal

Engineering Estimate of a house: Br 274,000 (Two hundred seventy-four thousand)

Total=Birr 27,400,000

Total housing budget=75,200,000

11. Action plan

R no	activity	Action Time			Implementer	Remark
		June	July	August		
1	Identify potential donors, business organizations and development agencies at international, national and regional level.	1 st weak			FRC/Fund Committee Raising	
2	Develop proposals and approach for funding on the identified areas or cluster of recovery	1 st weak			FRC & YDA Office	

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3	Organize dedicated fund-raising event by inviting key and potential donors, business organizations and development agencies	✓	✓		FRC & YDA Office	
4	Deploy volunteer lobbyists and fund-raising agencies who can work with YDA or/and fund-raising committee	1 st -2 nd week			FRC & YDA Office	
5	Identify potential donors, business organizations and development agencies at international, national and regional level.	1 st week			FRC	
6	Open Go fund me account	2 rd week				

